

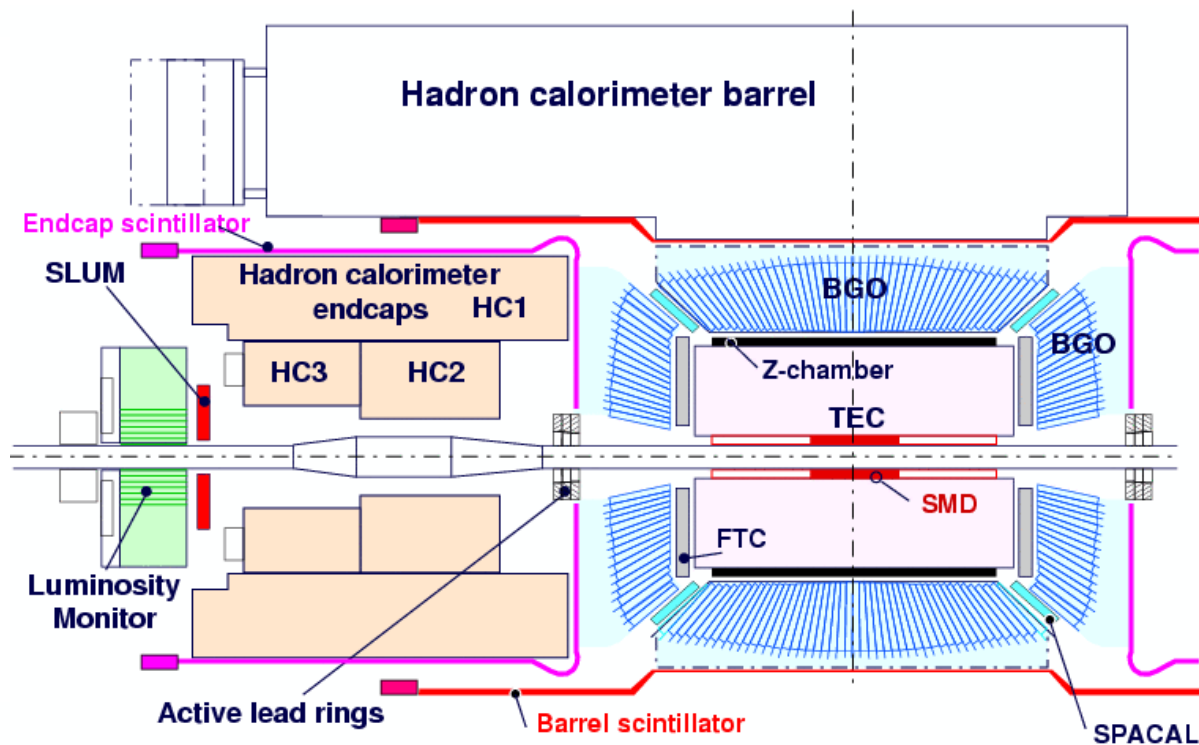
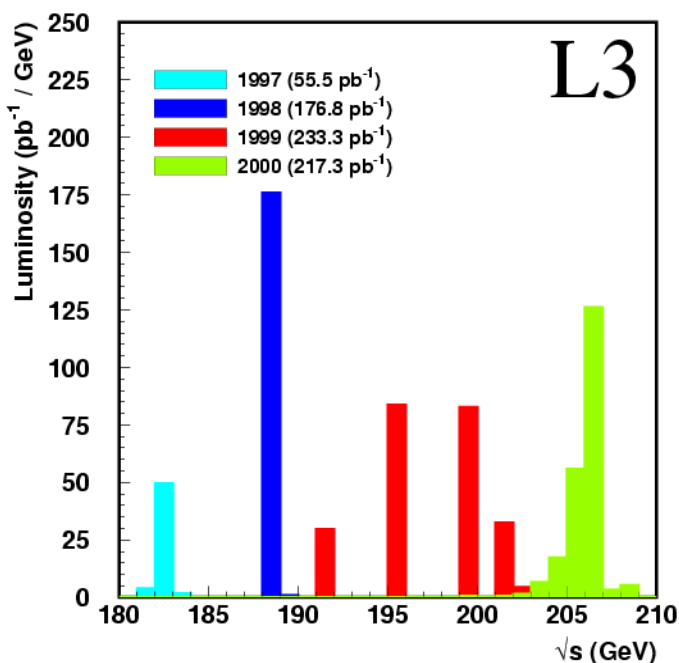


Marat Gataullin (Caltech) **SUSY06, UC Irvine, June 14**

- Searches for topologies with a neutralino NLSP using both ECAL and HCAL**
- Searches for topologies with a slepton NLSP covering all slepton lifetimes**
- Scan over the GMSB parameter space**
- Summary and outlook**

All limits are at 95% C.L. All results are preliminary.

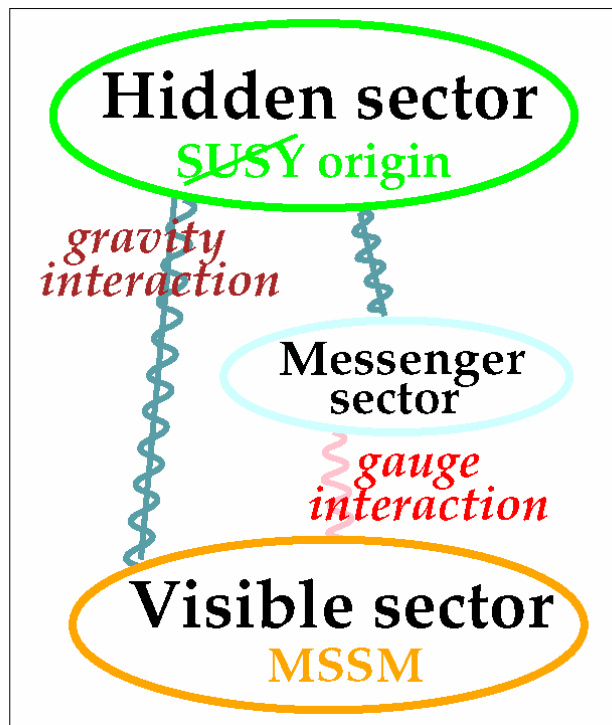
619 pb⁻¹ at $\sqrt{s} = 189 - 208$ GeV collected in 1998-2000



- o **Electromagnetic calorimeter: 11,000 BGO crystals**
- o **Hadron calorimeter: uranium absorber and wire chambers**



GMSB Topologies at LEP



- Minimal GMSB model phenomenology is driven by 6 parameters

\sqrt{F} , M_{mess} , N_5 , Λ , $\tan\beta$, $\text{sign}(\mu)$

- Gravitino is always LSP with a mass $10^{-2} < m_G < 10^4 \text{ eV}$



GMSB Topologies at LEP



NLSP can either a neutralino or slepton (stau)

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \tilde{G}\tilde{G}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tilde{l}_R \tilde{l}_R \rightarrow ll \tilde{G}\tilde{G}$$

$$L = 1.76 \cdot 10^{-3} (\kappa_\gamma)^{-1} \left(\frac{s}{4m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}^2} - 1 \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{100 \text{ GeV}}{m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}} \right)^5 \left(\frac{m_{\tilde{G}}}{1 \text{ eV}} \right)^2 \text{ cm}$$

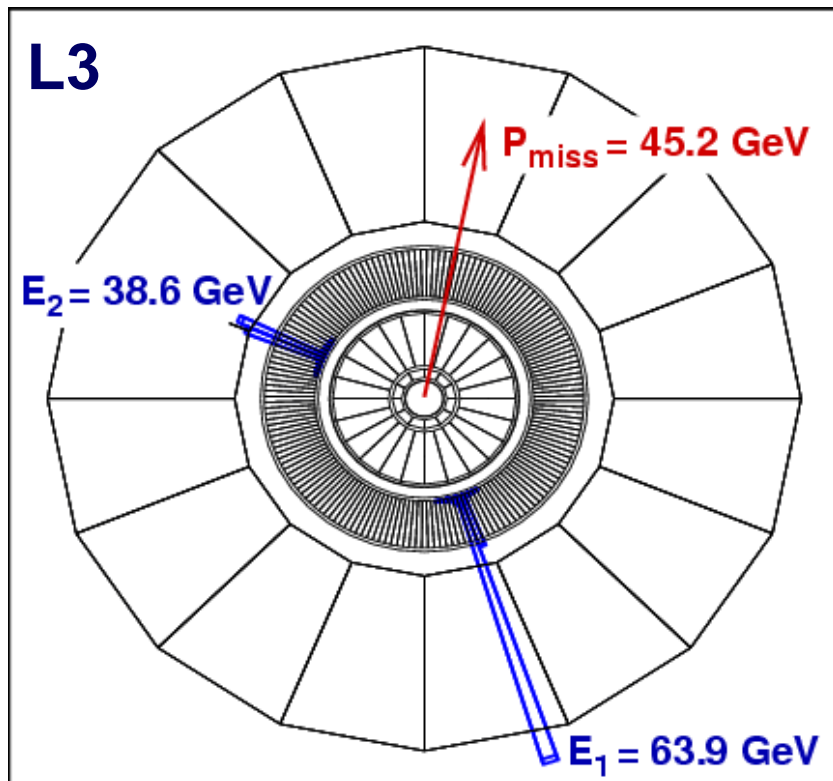
lifetime	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP	Slepton NLSP
short $CT \sim 0$	acoplanar photons	acoplanar leptons
medium $0 < CT < \infty$	non-pointing photons	kinked track large impact parameter
long $CT = \infty$	—————	anomalous dE/dx



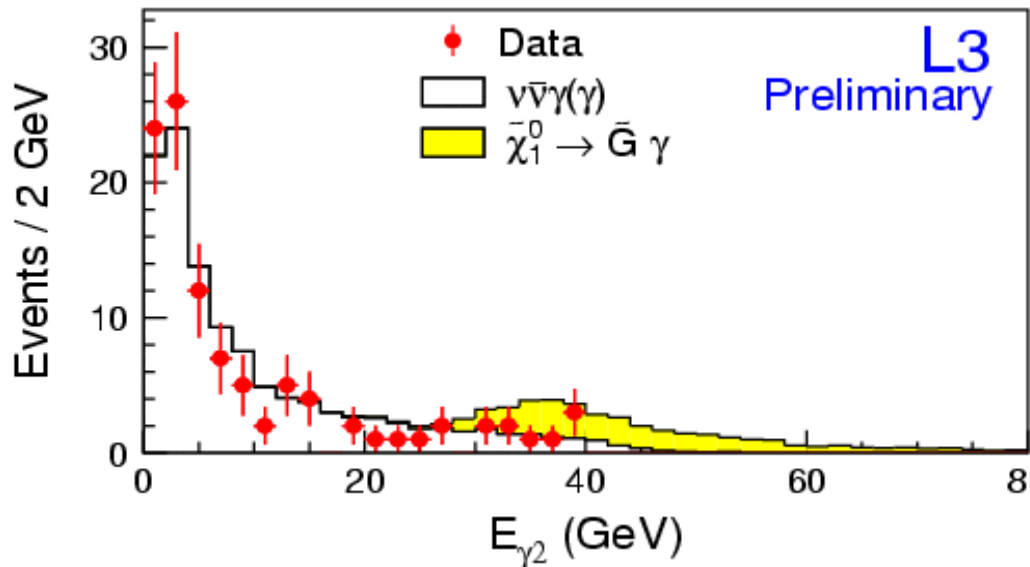
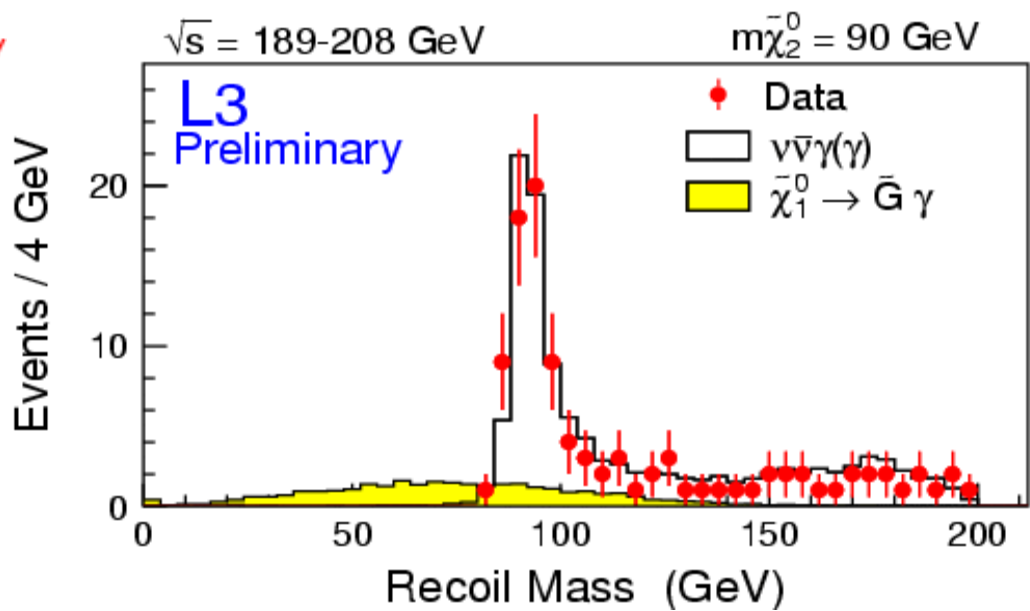
Short-Lived Neutralinos



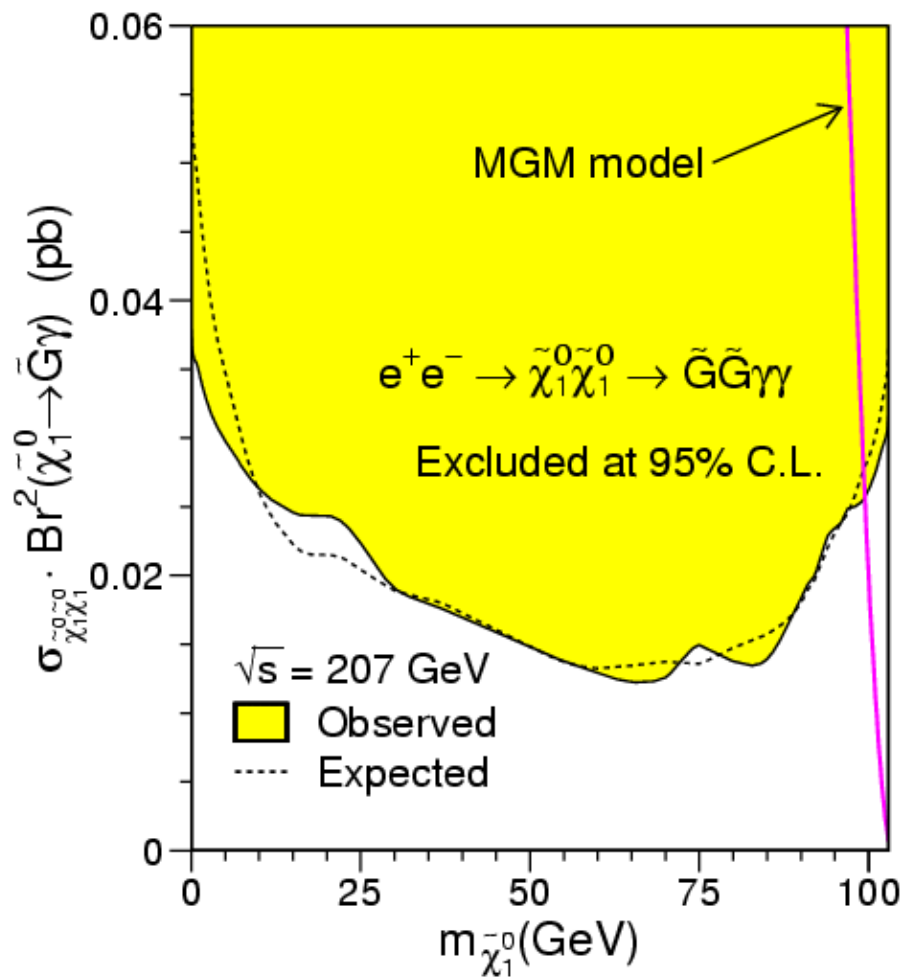
SM background $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}\gamma\gamma$



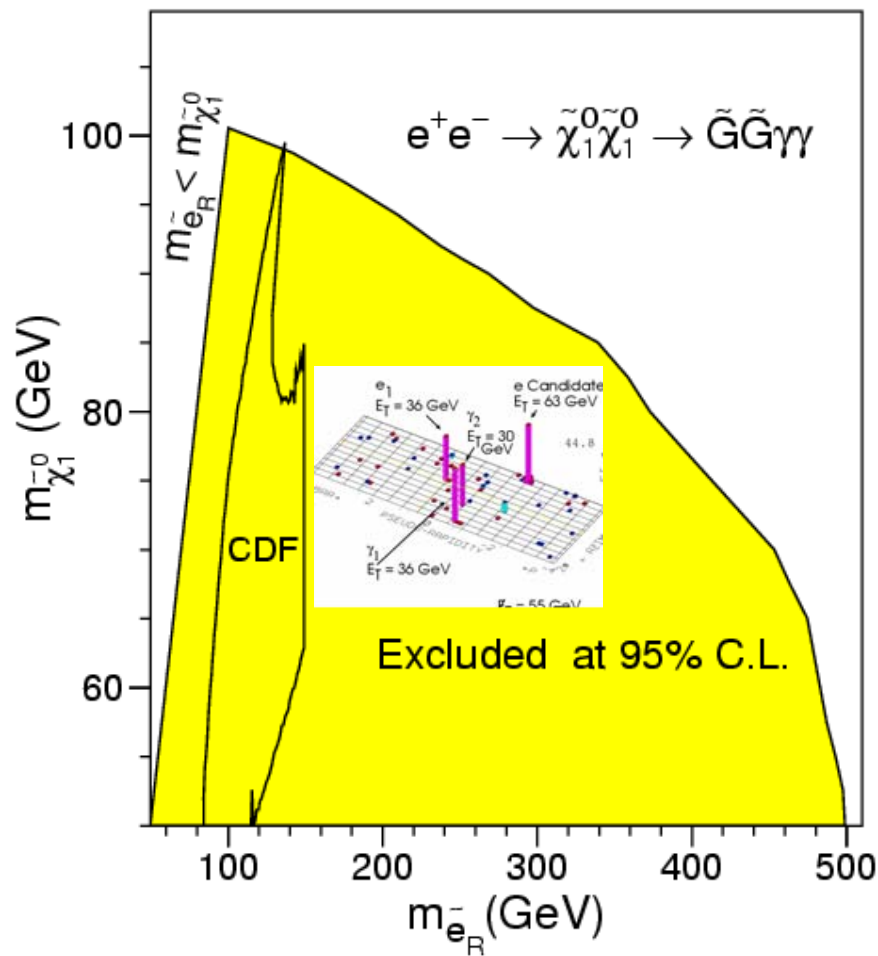
Signal is easy to separate
Efficiency $\sim 60\text{-}70\%$



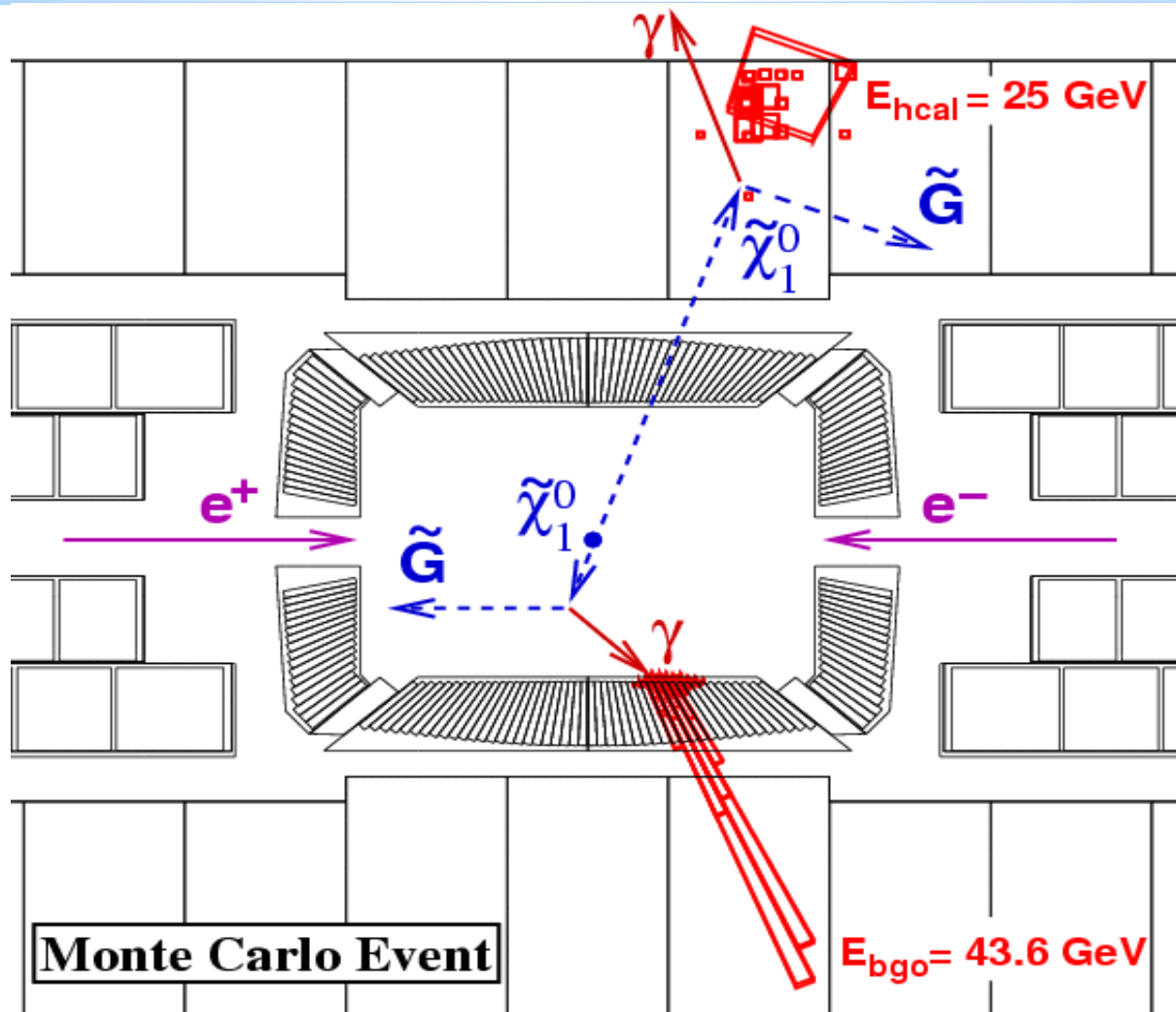
Cross Section Limit



GMSB Interpretation

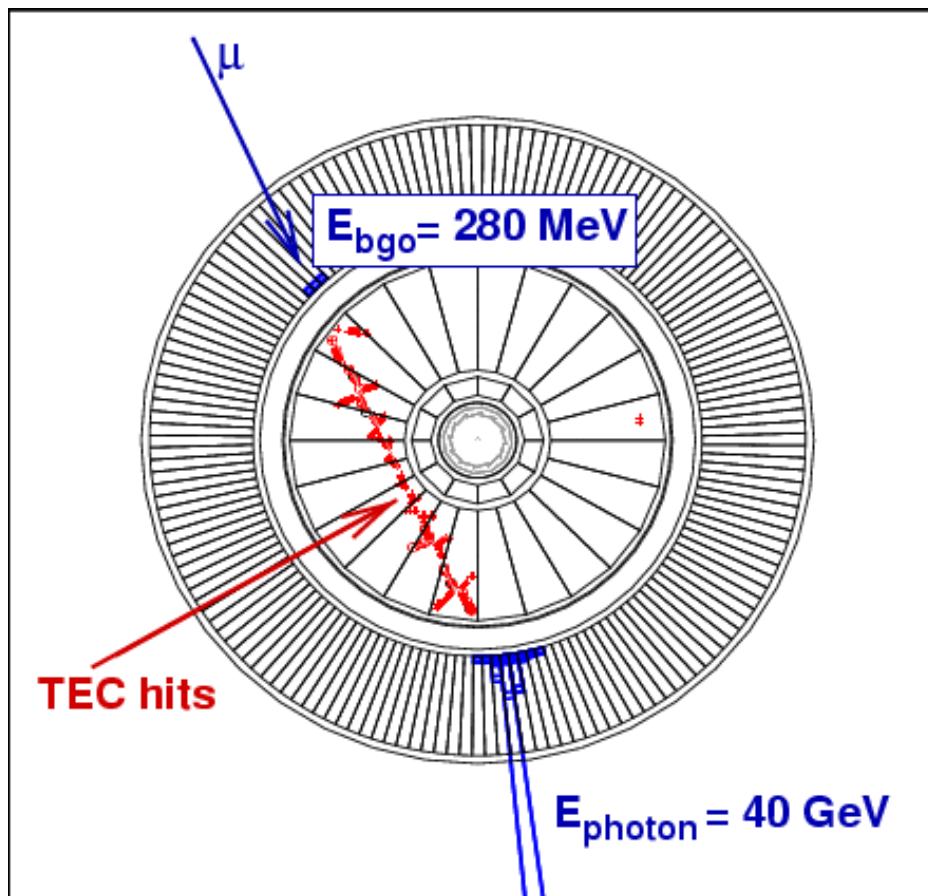


$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 99.5 \text{ GeV}$$

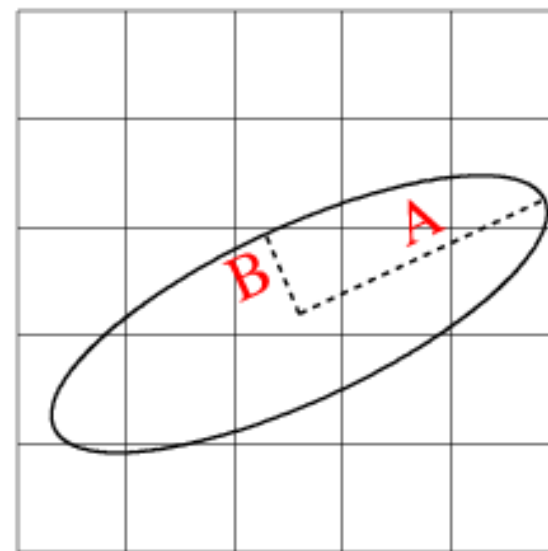


- o Non-pointing photons in ECAL: $R=0.5 \text{ m}$ and $L=1.5 \text{ m}$
- o Photons in HCAL: $1 \text{ m} < R < 2 \text{ m}$ and $L=5 \text{ m}$

Significant background comes from cosmic muons.
Rejected by muon chambers, scintillator counters and tracker.

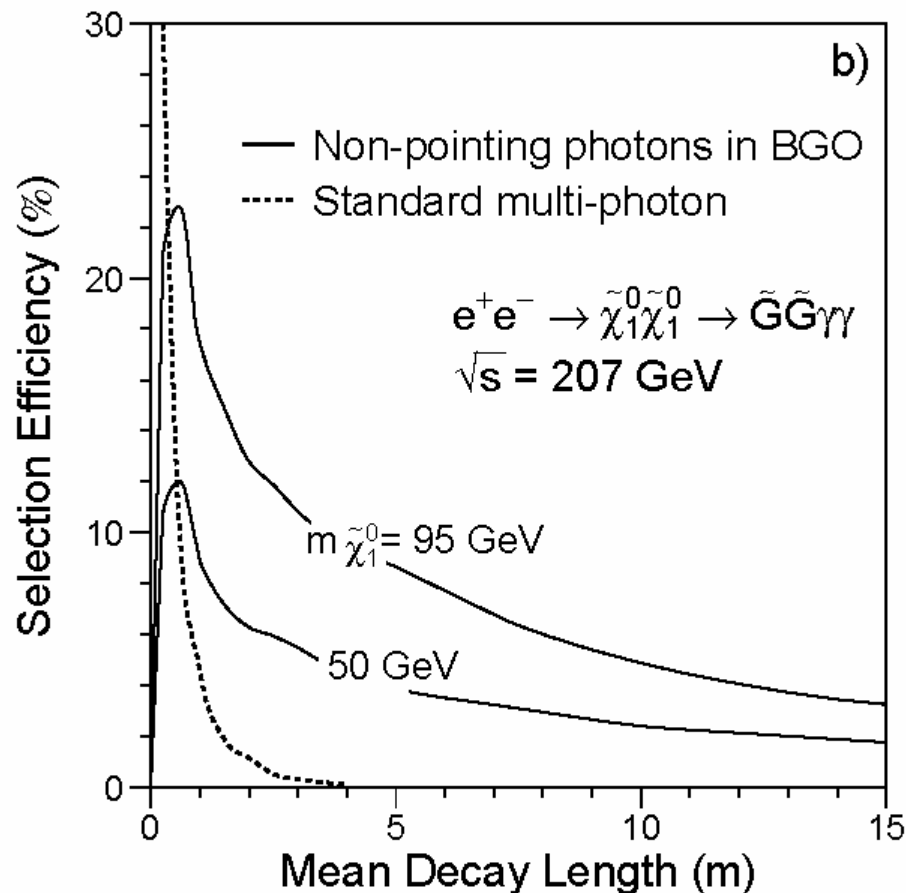
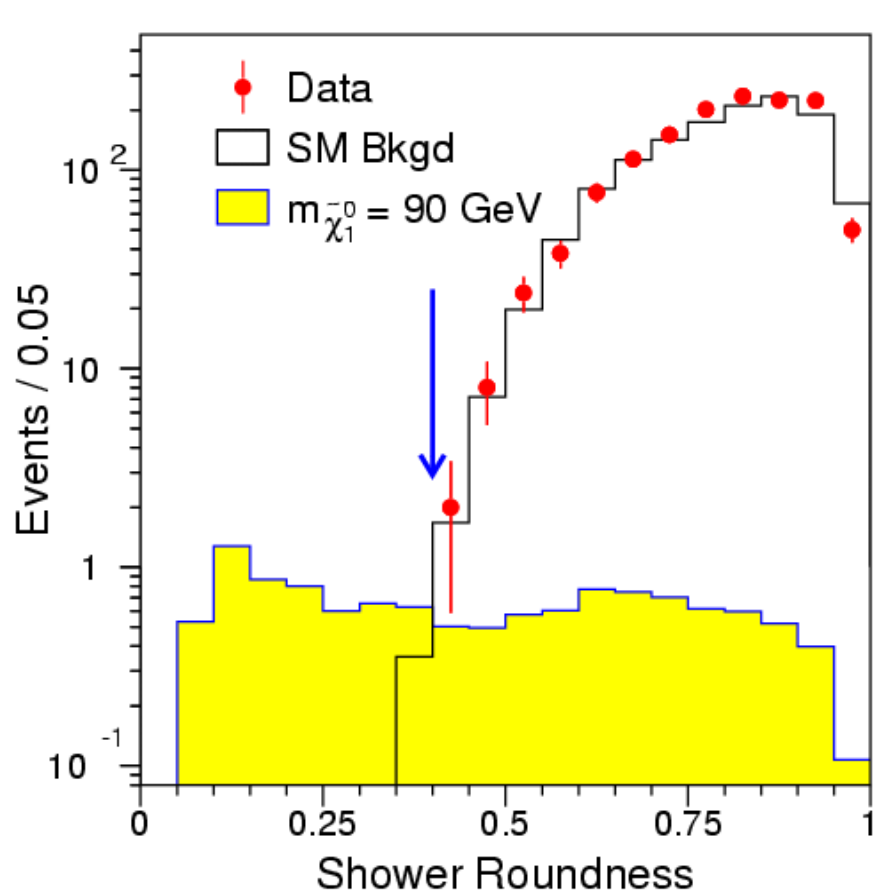


Transverse shower profile

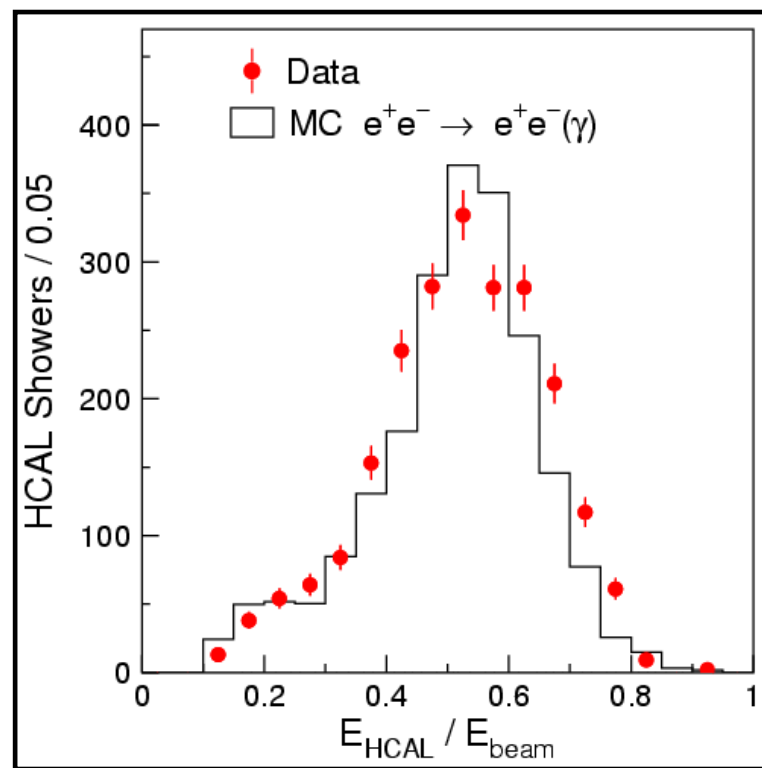
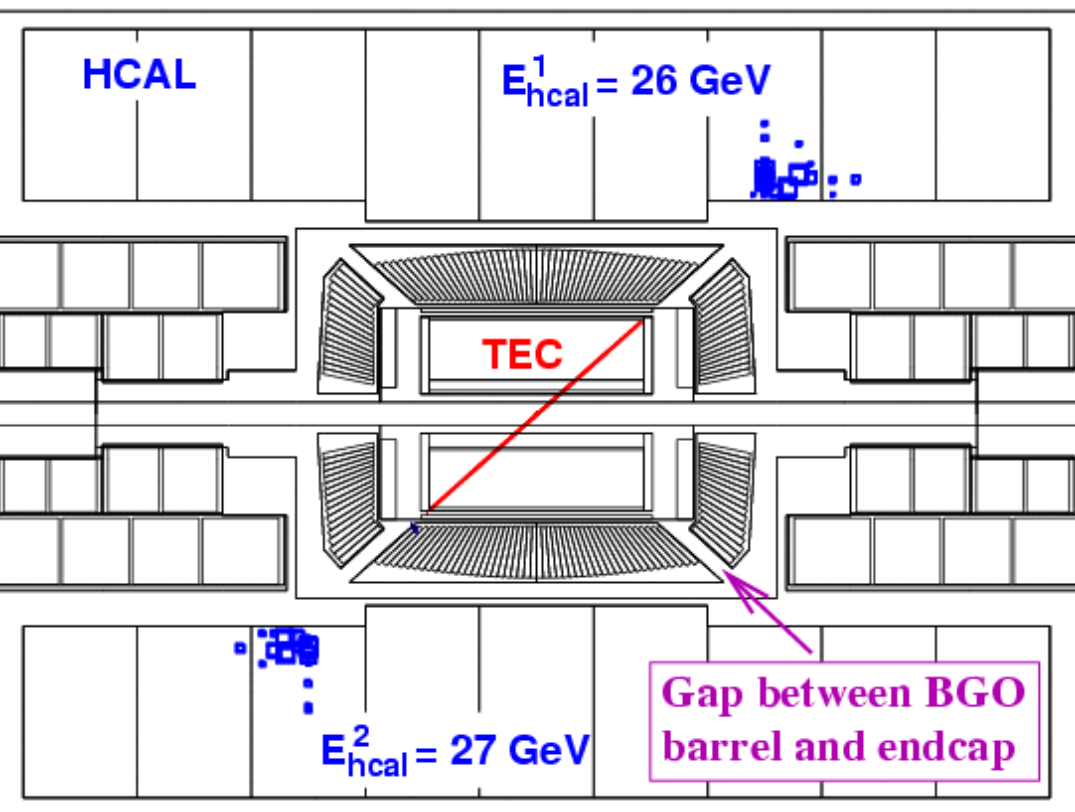


$$\text{Roundness} \equiv \frac{\text{Minor Axis}}{\text{Major Axis}}$$

Standard Model background completely suppressed.
Selection efficiency depends on the neutralino mass.

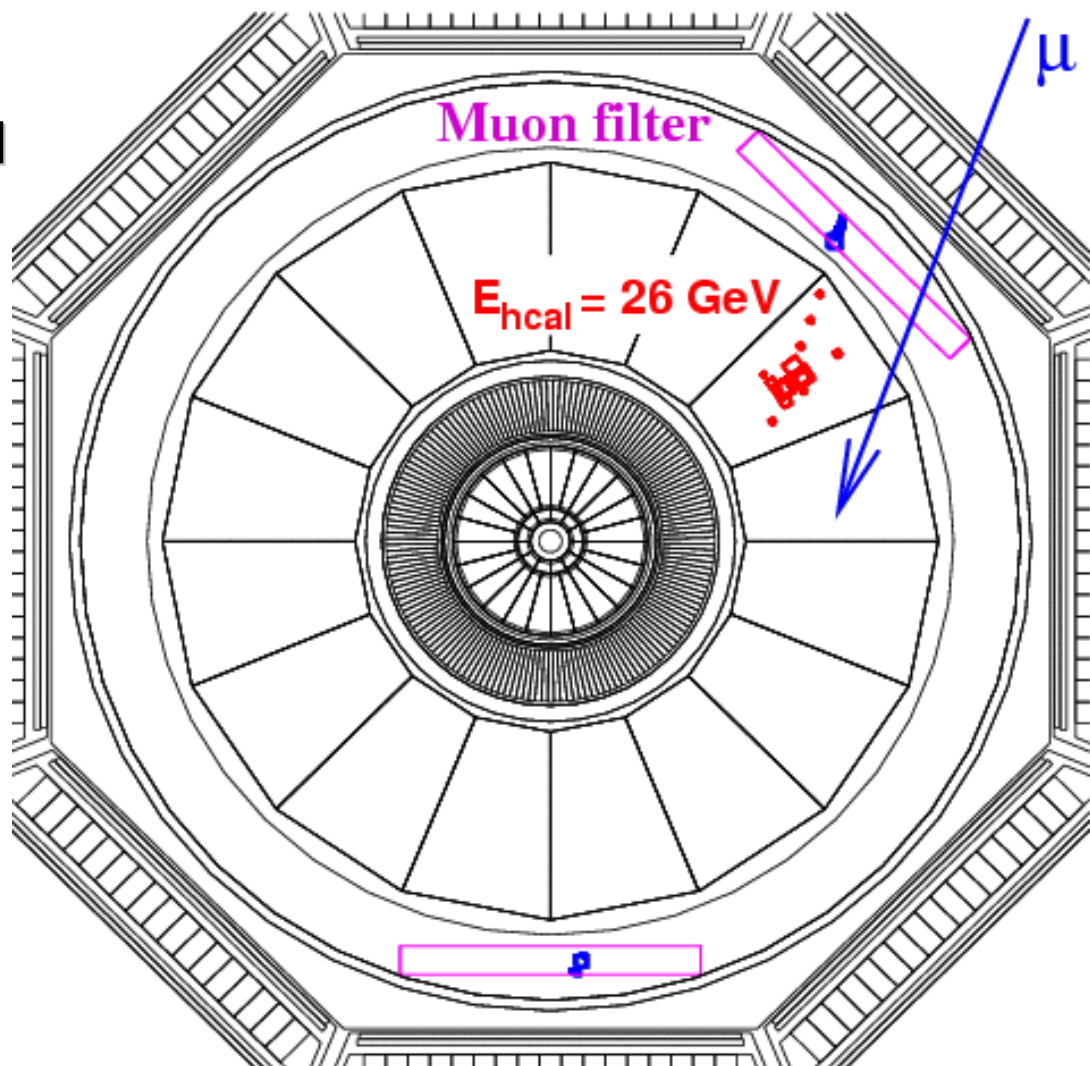


- Selected a sample of HCAL Bhabhas in the 1995 data.
- Data 1110 and MC 1048 events, energy resolution 23%.
- Shower profile and trigger efficiency also in agreement.



- ✓ Spectacular signature.
- ✓ Efficiency does not depend on the neutralino mass.
- ✓ Radial segmentation of HCAL would provide a measurement of σ

- ✓ No Standard Model background.
- ✓ Cosmics rejected using muon chambers and filter.

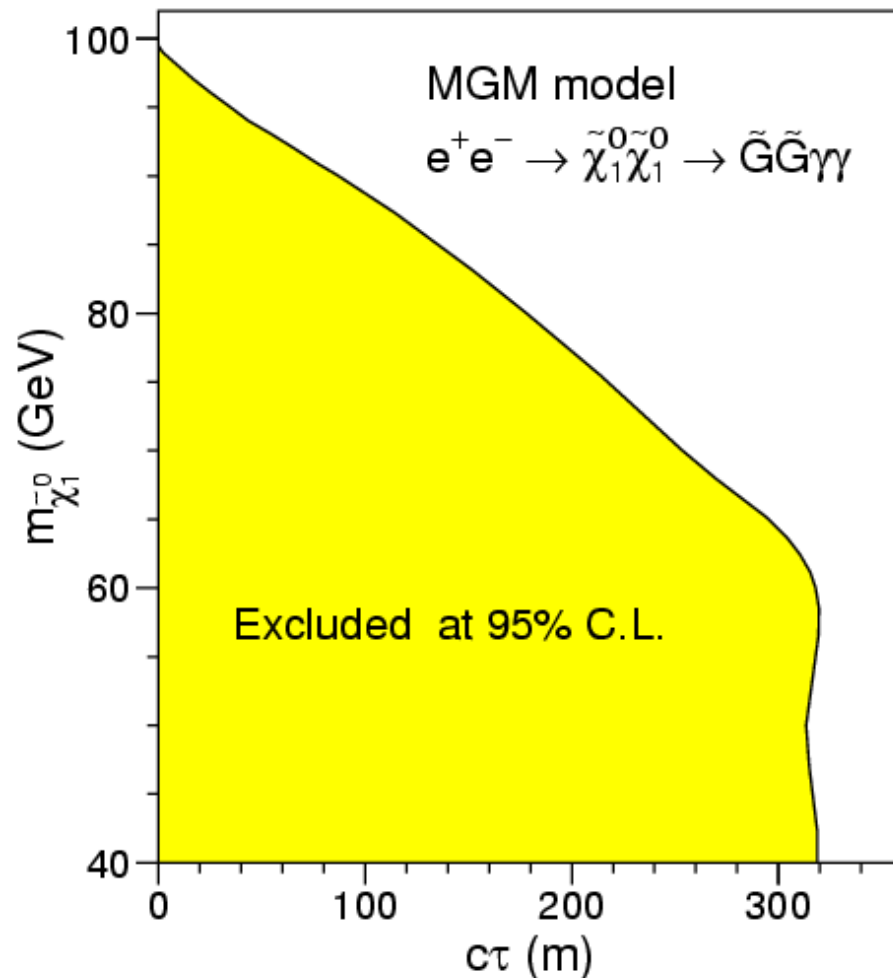
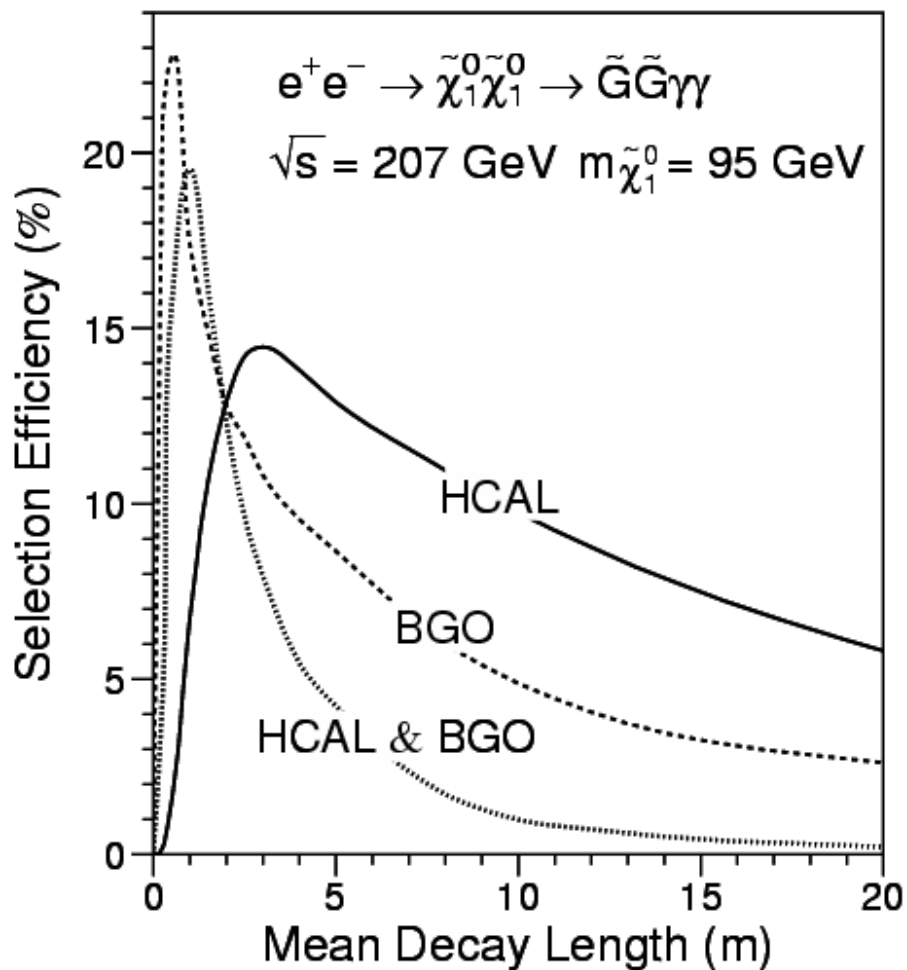




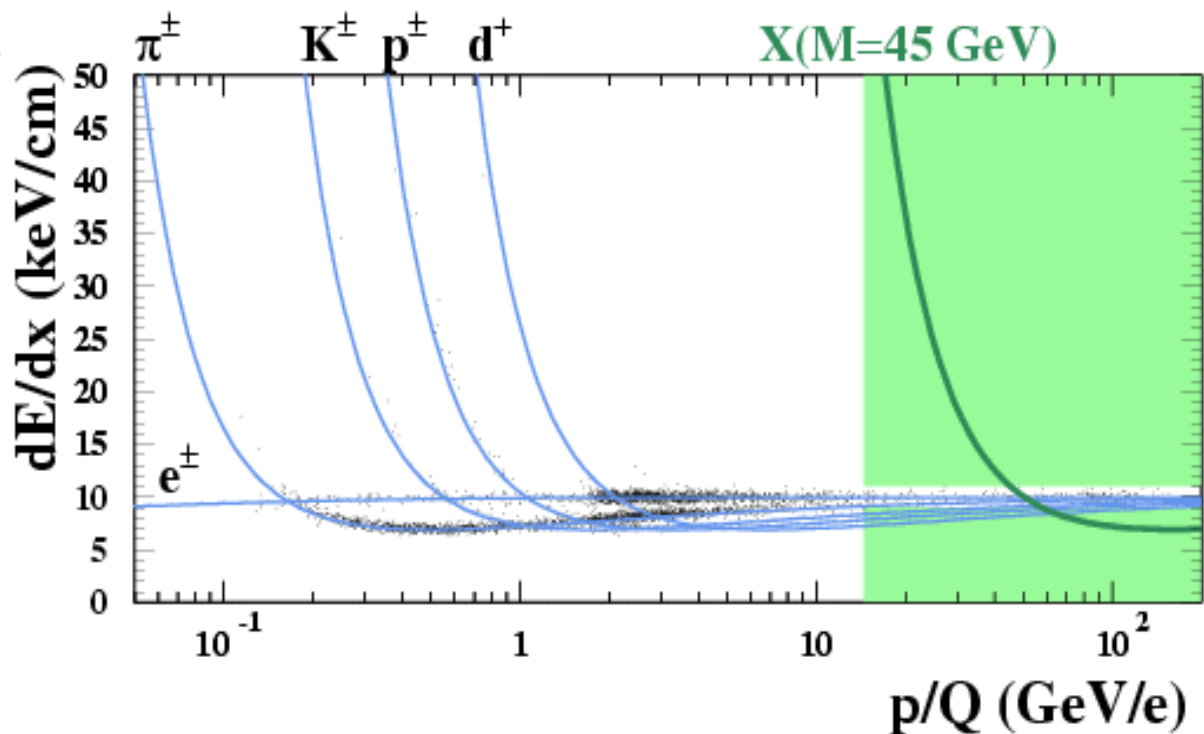
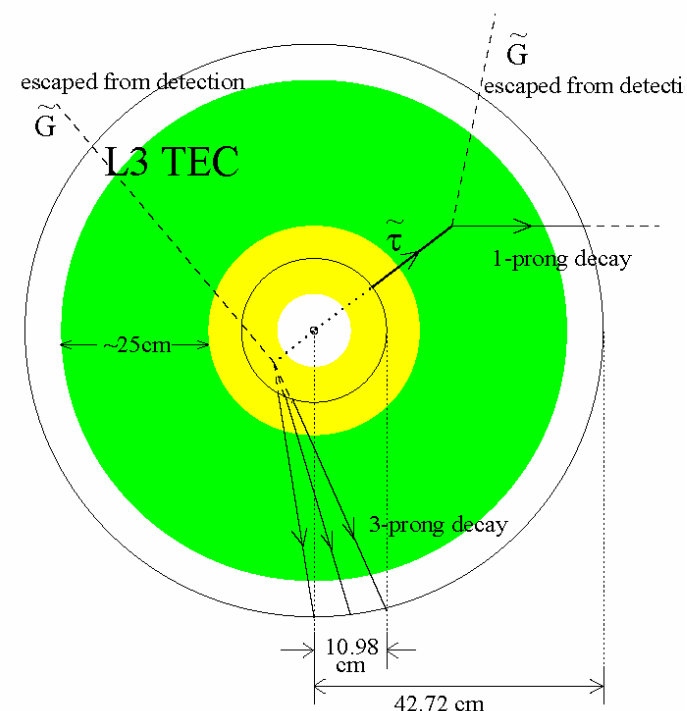
Non-Pointing Photons



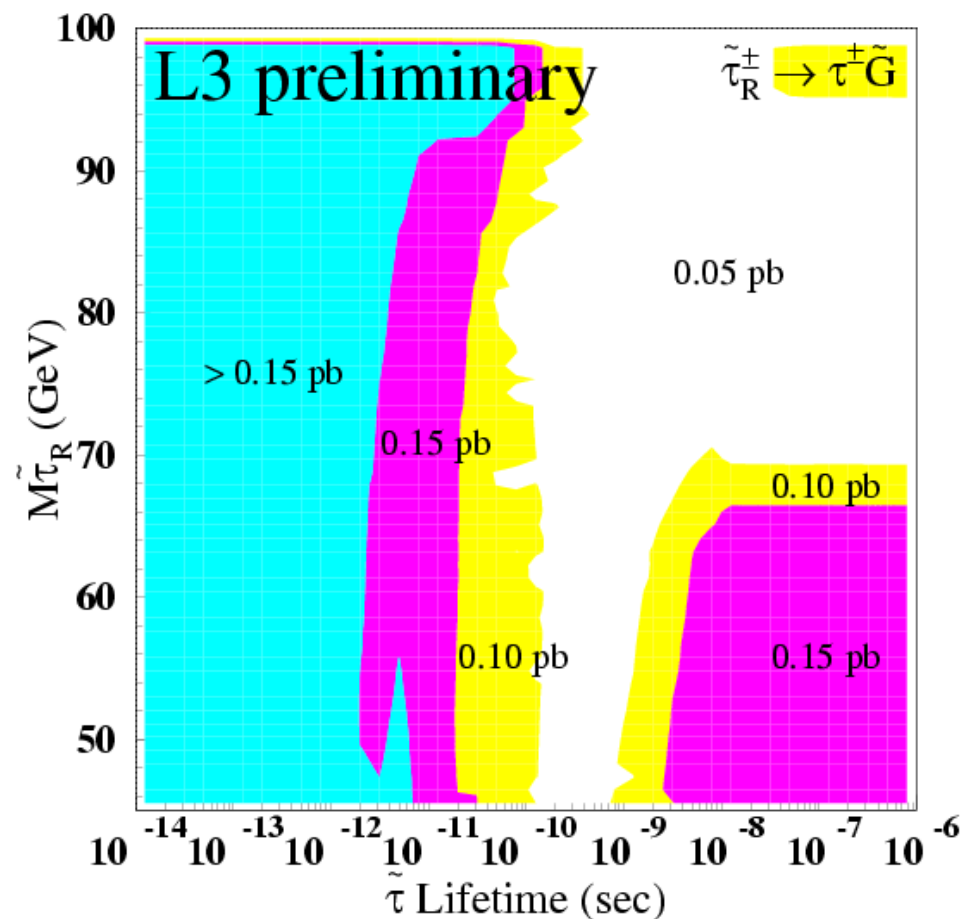
No candidates found and limits derived for decay lengths 1-300 m



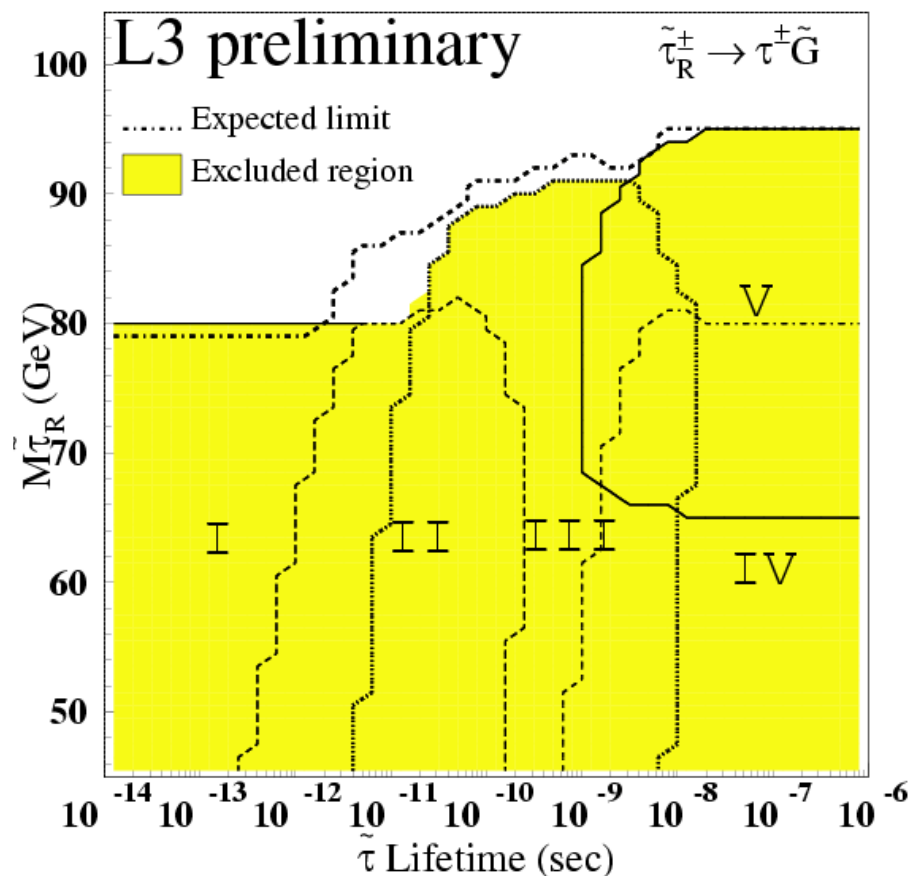
- ❖ Prompt decays: search for events with acoplanar leptons
- ❖ Intermediate lifetime: search for kinked tracks
- ❖ Long decay length: search for tracks with anomalous dE/dx



Cross Section Limit



GMSB Interpretation



Scalar taus lighter than 80 GeV are excluded



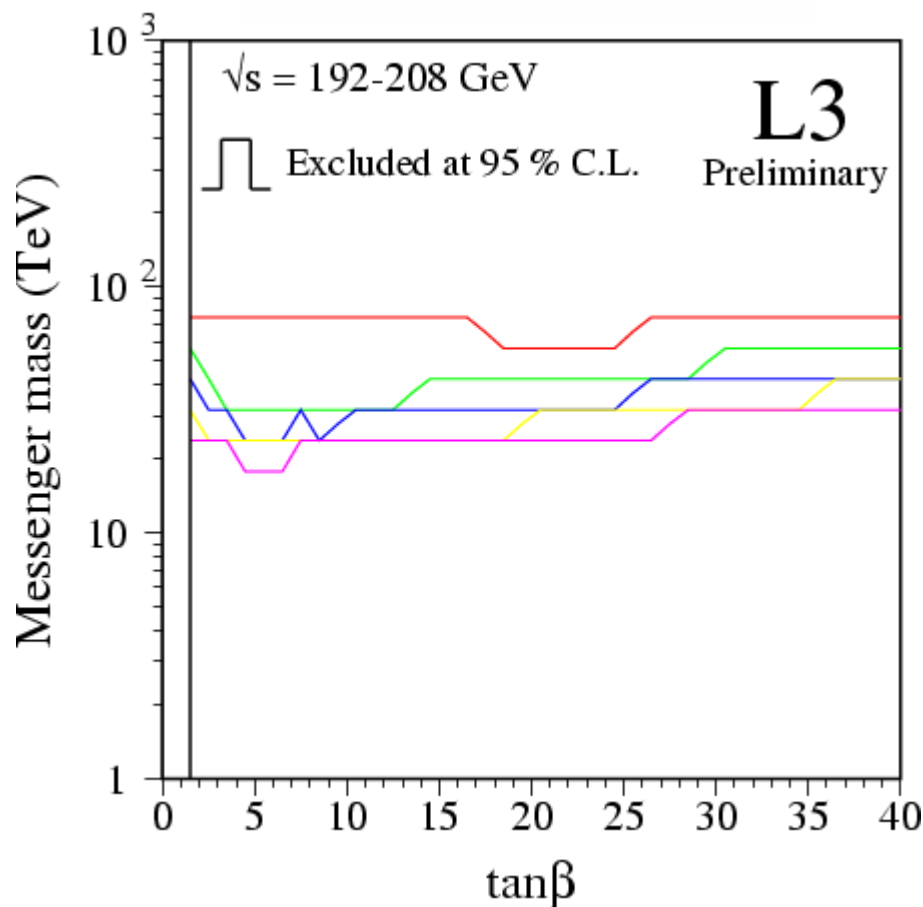
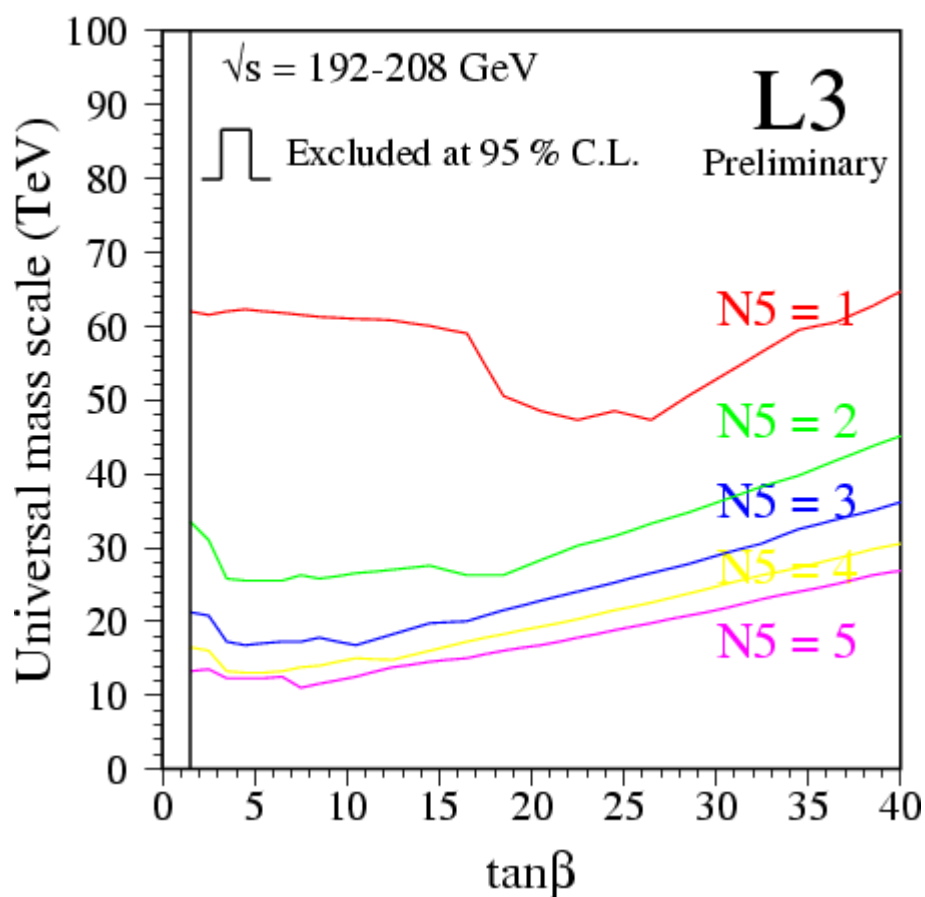
Scan of the GMSB Parameter Space



Scan of the GMSB parameter space
6 million points simulated with ISAJET

$1 \leq N \leq 5$
 $1.5 \leq \tan \beta \leq 40$
 $10 \text{ TeV} \leq M \leq 10^9 \text{ TeV}$
 $\text{sign}(\mu) = \pm 1$
 $1 \text{ TeV} \leq \Lambda \leq \min(\sqrt{F}, M)$

GMSB All NLSP Scenarios

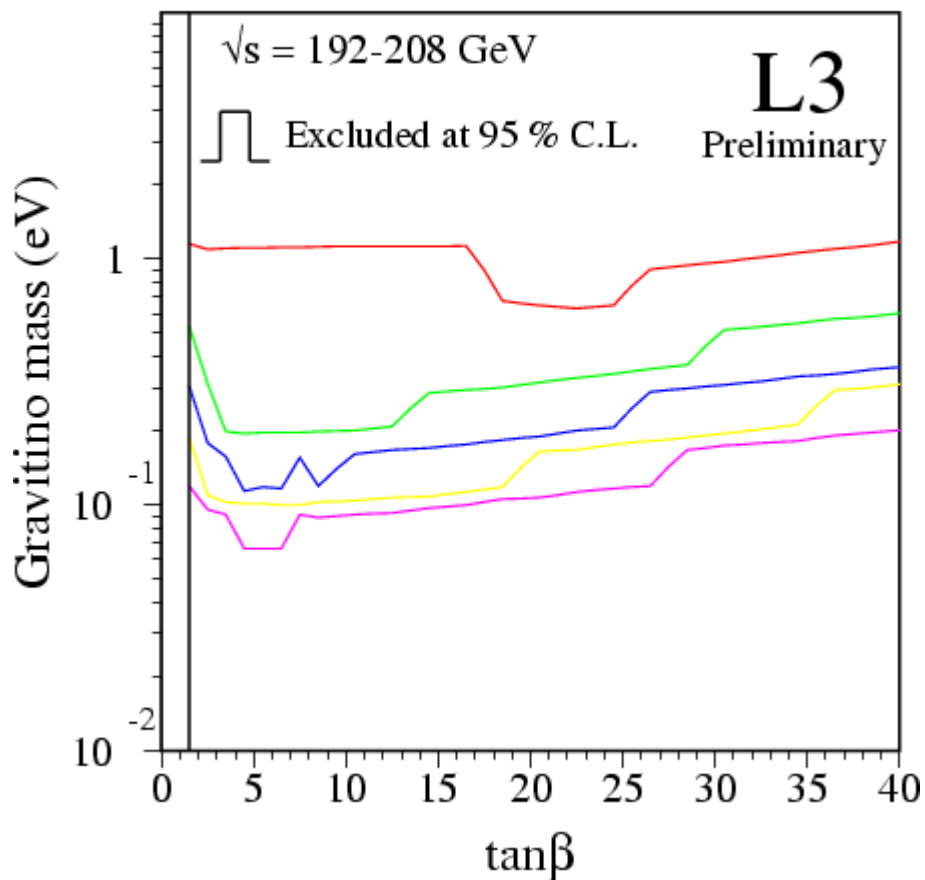




Scan of the GMSB Parameter Space



GMSB All NLSP Scenarios



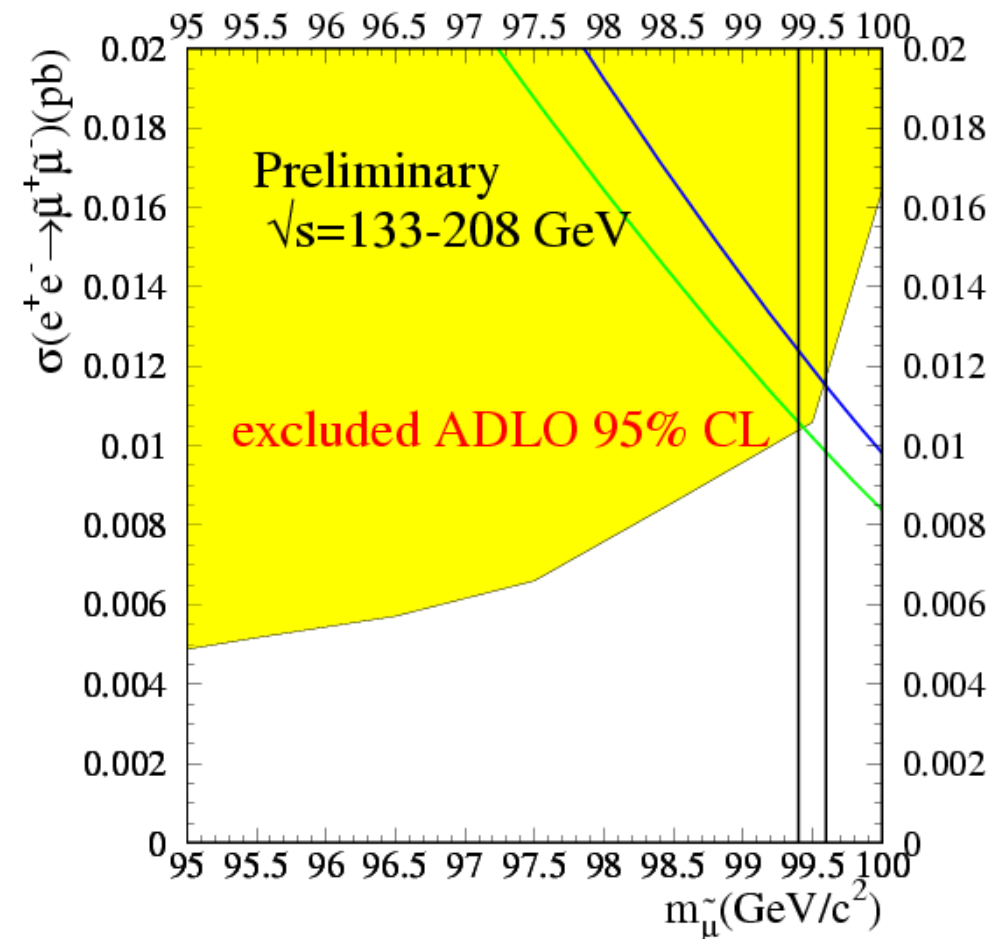
Neutralino NLSP with $L < 100 \text{ m}$

N_{mess}	1	2	3	4
Λ (TeV)	61.5	36.3	25.5	20.3
M_{mess} (TeV)	75	130	10^5	$5.6 \cdot 10^6$
$m_{\tilde{G}}$ (eV)	1.1	1.2	620	$2.7 \cdot 10^4$
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ (GeV)	78.6	83.8	88.0	104.2
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$ (GeV)	82.1	87.1	90.8	106.3
$m_{\tilde{e}_R}, m_{\tilde{\mu}_R}$ (GeV)	107.6	102.2	92.1	107.1

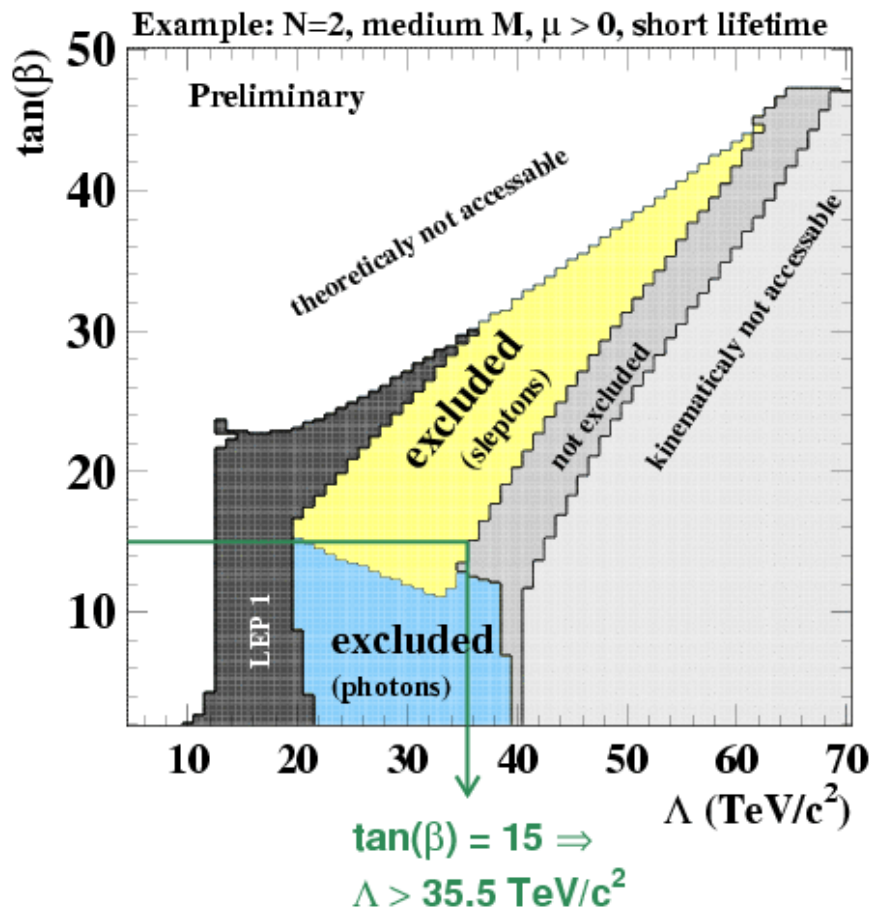
All NLSP scenarios

$N5$	1	2	3	4	5
Λ (TeV/c^2)	47.25	25.5	16.75	13.0	11.0
M_{mess} (TeV/c^2)	56	32	24	24	18
$m_{\tilde{G}}$ (eV/c^2)	0.63	0.19	0.11	0.1	0.066
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ (GeV/c^2)	62.16	65.91	65.64	65.22	72.23
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$ (GeV/c^2)	62.28	62.17	62.25	62.70	62.84
$m_{\tilde{e}_R}, \tilde{\mu}_R}$ (GeV/c^2)	89.60	73.62	71.15	66.94	67.11

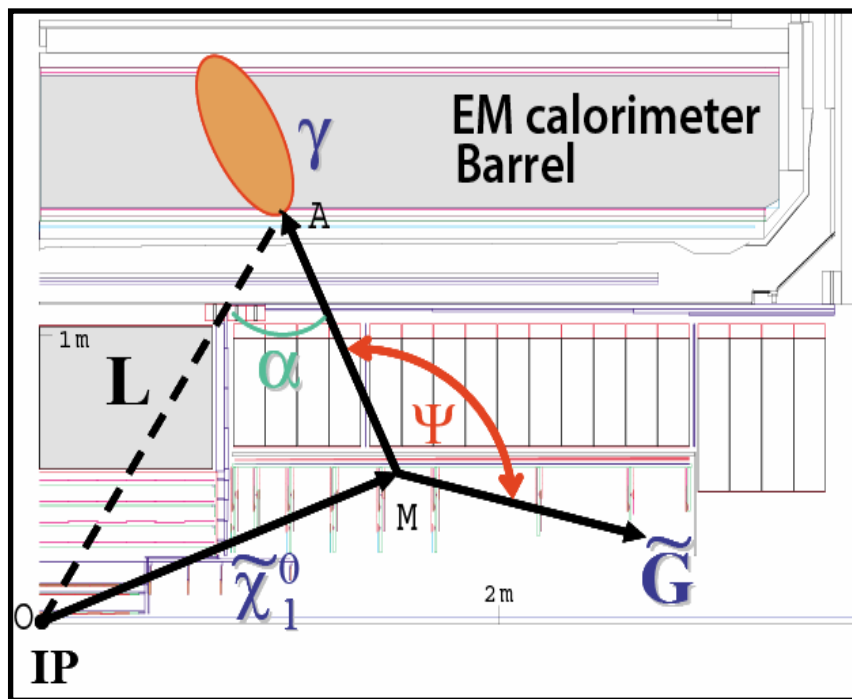
Combinations performed by the LEP SUSY working group
<http://lepsusy.web.cern.ch/lepsusy/>



Scan in GMSB parameter space following
 Dimopoulos, Thomas, Wells, Nucl. Phys. B488 (1997) 39



$$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tilde{G}$$



D. Prieur hep-ph/0507083

o Reconstruct decay vertex

- ✓ Impact position
- ✓ Photon direction α
- ✓ Time of arrival t_γ

o Resolution on $c\tau$ better than 8% for $L=0.1-2$ m

$$\frac{\Delta m_\chi}{m_\chi} \approx 2\% \quad \longrightarrow \quad \frac{\Delta \sqrt{E_0}}{\sqrt{E_0}} \approx 4\% \quad \frac{\Delta m_{\tilde{G}}}{m_{\tilde{G}}} \approx 8\%$$

$$\tilde{l}_R \rightarrow l \tilde{G}$$

hep-ph/0010081: Decay lengths 0.5m – 1km considered
Measuring stau lifetime gives ~10% precision on \sqrt{F}



Summary



- ❖ Extensive searches for GMSB signals were performed
 - ❖ New method developed to search for neutralino NLSP scenario ($L < 300$ m) using L3 hadron calorimeter (suitable for CMS ?)
 - ❖ Exciting prospects waiting at the LHC
 - ❖ My collaborators: L. Xia, H. Yang and S. Rosier
- LEP SUSY Working Group**
<http://lepsusy.web.cern.ch/lepsusy/>